# Synopsis for study Fluarix-071 (116663)

## Pharmaceutical entrepreneur:

<u>Fluarix:</u> GlaxoSmithKline Biologicals s. a. Rue de l'Institut 89 1330 Rixensart Belgium

<u>Influsplit SSW:</u> GlaxoSmithKline GmbH & Co. KG Prinzregentenplatz 9 81675 Munich Germany

## Sponsor:

GlaxoSmithKline Biologicals s. a. Rue de l'Institut 89 1330 Rixensart Belgium The study summarized below may involve approved and non-approved uses, formulations or treatment regimens. The results reported for any single study may not reflect the overall results obtained during all studies involving the same product. Before prescribing any product mentioned in this Register, healthcare professionals should consult the prescribing information for the product approved in their country.

Name of company: GlaxoSmithKline Biologicals, Rixensart, Belgium	TABULAR FORMAT REFERRING TO PART OF THE DOSSIER Volume:	(for national authority only)
Name of finished product: Fluarix®/Influsplit SSW® 2012/2013	Page:	
Name of active		
substance:		
[antigen(s)]		
[A/Christchurch/16/2010		
(H1N1),		
A/Victoria/361/2011		
(H3N2), B/Hubei-		
Wujiagang/158/2009j		
Study No.: 116663 (FLUAR	IX-071)	
Title of the study: A Phase	III, open, non-randomized, multi-centre, single dose stu	udy to assess immunogenicity
and safety of <i>Fluarix/Influspl</i>	IT SSW 2012/2013 Injected intramuscularly in adults (18	to 60 years) and in elderly (over
60 years).		in Company
Principal Investigator(s):	his study was conducted by four principal investigators	In Germany.
Study Centre(s): Multi-cent	re study conducted in 4 centres across Germany.	
Publication (reference): No	of published as of 27-September-2012	
demographic data for the ele population instead of being a was noticed that grading of a protocol. It was decided to c keep the analysis as perform influenza studies. Furthermo induration and ecchymosis b duration of solicited local syn was 2 to 2.5 days and not 1.	derly population: mean age presented in this table was the mean age of the elderly population. This table has b the local solicited symptoms used for the analysis was larify this in the section: changes in the conduct of the s ned since this is the grading GlaxoSmithKline (GSK) us ore the grading used allows to assess the solicited local between > 50 mm and > 100 mm. Finally, an error was mptoms. This text has been corrected: the median dura 5 to 2.5 days.	the mean age of the total been corrected. Furthermore, it not the one described in the study (other changes) and to res as standard for its adult symptoms of redness, swelling, noticed in text presenting tion of the solicited local AEs
Study period:		Phase: III
Study initiation date: 10-Ju	IIY-2012	
Study completion date: 31	-July-ZUIZ	
Indication Immunization of	adulte against influenza	
Treatment: The study group		
<ul> <li>Adult group: subjects a Visit 1 (Day 0)</li> </ul>	aged between 18 and 60 years, received 1 dose of <i>Flua</i>	arix/Influsplit SSW 2012/2013 at
<ul> <li>Elderly group: subjects 0).</li> </ul>	s aged over 60 years received 1 dose of Fluarix/Influsp.	<i>lit SSW</i> 2012/2013 at Visit 1 (Day
Objectives:		
Primary:		
To evaluate the humon [HI]) against each vach Fluarix/Influsplit SSW	al response (anti-haemagglutinin [HA] antibodies teste cine strain in adults 18-60 years and > 60 years of age, 2012/2013.	d by haemagglutination inhibition 21 days after vaccination with

Name of company:	TABULAR FORMAT REFERRING TO PART OF	(for national authority only)						
GlaxoSmitnKline Biologicals Bixonsart	THE DOSSIER							
Boloium	Volume							
Deigium	volume.							
Name of finished	Page.							
product: Fluarix <sup>®</sup> /Influsplit								
SSW® 2012/2013								
Name of active								
substance:								
[antigen(s)]								
[A/Christchurch/16/2010								
(H1N1),								
A/Victoria/361/2011								
(H3N2), B/Hubei-								
Wujiagang/158/2009]								
Secondary:								
To evaluate the humor	al response (anti-HA antibodies tested by HI) against e	ach vaccine strain, 21 days after						
vaccination, in adults >	• 60 years of age who had not and who had received an	n influenza vaccine in the 2011-						
2012 season.								
To describe the reactory	genicity and safety of <i>Fluarix/Influsplit SSW</i> 2012/2013	in adults 18-60 years and > 60						
years of age, in terms	of solicited adverse events (AEs), unsolicited AEs and	serious AEs (SAEs).						
Study design: Open, non-ra	andomized, multi-centre study with 2 age groups (18 - 6	0 years and > 60 years). Blood						
samples were collected prior	to vaccination at Day 0 and at Day 21.							
Study vaccine, dose, mode	e of administration, lot no.:							
Vaccination schedule /site	: 2012	of the new densingent error of Devi						
	2013 was administered intramuscularly into the deitoid (	of the non-dominant arm at Day						
U.	a lat number							
HA from three influenza stra	e/////////////////////////////////////	1 (H3N2): B/Hubei-						
Wujiagang/158/2009								
Lot number: DELUA694AB								
Beference vaccine /Compa	rator dose and mode of administration. lot no :							
Not applicable								
Study Population:								
Healthy male or female subj	ects aged 18 years and above at the time of vaccination	or subjects with well-controlled						
chronic diseases as establis	hed by medical history and clinical examination before	entering the study. Written						
informed consent was obtain	ied from the subject.							
Approximately 30 subjects in	the Elderly group and a maximum of 15 subjects in the	e Adult group who had received						
a seasonal influenza vaccination the year before (i.e. season 2011-2012) were planned to be included in the study.								
Duration of treatment: The duration of the study was approximately 3 weeks for each subject.								
Primary Outcome/Efficacy	Variable:							
Immunogenicity								
Observed variable:								
Humoral immune response in terms of anti-HA antibodies against each of the three vaccine influenza strains.								
Derived variables: The following parameters were calculated with 95% confidence intervals (CIs):								
<ul> <li>At Days 0 and 21:</li> </ul>								
<ul> <li>Geometric mean</li> </ul>	titres (GMTs) of anti-HA antibody titres.							
<ul> <li>Seroprotection ratio</li> </ul>	ates (SPR), defined as the percentage of vaccinees wit	h a serum HI titre $\geq$ 1:40 that						
usually is accepted as indicating protection in adults.								

Name of company: GlaxoSmithKline	TABULAR FORMAT REFERRING TO PART OF THE DOSSIER	(for national authority only)
Biologicals, Rixensart, Belgium	Volume:	
Name of finished product: Fluarix®/Influsplit SSW® 2012/2013	Page:	
Name of active substance: [antigen(s)] [A/Christchurch/16/2010		
(H1N1), A/Victoria/361/2011 (H3N2), B/Hubei- Wujiagang/158/2009]		
<ul> <li>At Day 21:</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Seroconversion titre &lt; 1:10 and a increase in post-</li> </ul>	rates (SCR), defined as the percentage of vaccinees th a post-vaccination titre $\geq$ 1:40 or a pre-vaccination titre vaccination titre	at have either a pre-vaccination $\geq 1:10$ and at least a four-fold
<ul> <li>Mean geometric increase in serui</li> </ul>	increase ([MGI] also known as the seroconversion fact n HI GMTs post-vaccination compared to pre-vaccinati	or [SCF]), defined as the fold on.
<ul> <li>Seroprotection p</li> <li>1:40 and a post-</li> </ul>	ower (SPP), defined as the percentage of vaccinees th vaccination titre $> 1:40$	at have a pre-vaccination titre <
Secondary Outcome/Effica	$vaccination utile \ge 1.40.$	
Immunogenicity		
Observed variable:		
Humoral immune response i influenza vaccination status	n terms of anti-HA antibodies against each of the three in the 2011-2012 season, in subjects aged > 60 years.	vaccine influenza strains, by
Derived variables:	pro calculated with 05% Class	
<ul> <li>At Days 0 and 21:</li> </ul>	sie calculated with 30 % Cis.	
– GMTs of anti-HA	antibody titres and SPRs, by influenza vaccination sta	tus in the 2011-2012 season.
<ul> <li>At Day 21:</li> <li>SCRs and MGI,</li> </ul>	by influenza vaccination status in the 2011-2012 seaso	n.
Reactogenicity and safety	-	
Occurrence of solicited	local and general symptoms	
<ul> <li>Percentage, interview vaccination (i.e.</li> </ul>	nsity and duration of solicited local symptoms during a day of vaccination and 3 subsequent days).	4-day follow-up period after
<ul> <li>Percentage, inte day follow-up per</li> </ul>	nsity, duration and relationship to vaccination of solicite riod after vaccination (i.e. day of vaccination and 3 sub	ed general symptoms during a 4- sequent days).
Occurrence of unsolici	ted symptoms	terre during a Od day fallowing
Percentage, inter period after vace	nsity and relationship to vaccination of unsolicited sympli- ination (i.e. day of vaccination and 20 subsequent days	bioms during a ∠1-day follow-up s).
<ul> <li>Occurrence of SAEs</li> <li>Percentage, inte</li> </ul>	nsity and relationship to vaccination of SAEs during the	entire study period.

Name of company: GlaxoSmithKline Biologicals, Rixensart, Bolaium	TABULAR FORMAT REFERRING TO PART OF THE DOSSIER	(for national authority only)
Deigium	volume.	
Name of finished product: Fluarix®/Influsplit SSW® 2012/2013	Page:	
Name of active substance: [antigen(s)] [A/Christchurch/16/2010 (H1N1), A/Victoria/361/2011 (H3N2), B/Hubei- Wujiagang/158/2009]		

#### Statistical methods:

All data were analyzed as planned in the protocol and in the Statistical Analysis Plan.

Demography:

- Demographic characteristics (age, gender and race) of all subjects were tabulated by age group.
- The mean age (plus range and standard deviation) by gender of the enrolled subjects, as a whole, and per group, was calculated.
- History of any influenza vaccination within the previous 3 seasons was also tabulated.
- The distribution of subjects enrolled among the study sites was tabulated as a whole and per group. *Analysis of immunogenicity:*

The analysis of immunogenicity was performed on the According to Protocol (ATP) cohort for analysis of immunogenicity. GMT at Day 0 and 21, SCR and MGI at Day 21, SPR at Day 0 and Day 21, SPP at Day 21, proportion of subjects who were seronegative at Day 0 and seroprotected at Day 21 and proportion of subjects who were seronegative at Day 21 were calculated with their 95% CI for each of the three influenza vaccine strains.

GMT at Day 0 and 21, SCR and MGI at Day 21 and SPR at Day 0 and 21 were calculated with their 95% CI for each of the three influenza vaccine strains and by previous vaccination status (2011-2012) in subjects aged > 60 years.

#### Analysis of Safety

The primary analysis was based on the Total vaccinated cohort.

The percentage of subjects with at least one local AE (solicited and unsolicited), with at least one general AE (solicited and unsolicited) and with any AE during the solicited follow-up period after vaccination, was tabulated per age group with exact 95% CI. The same tabulation was performed for grade 3 AEs, related AEs and grade 3 related AEs.

The percentage of subjects reporting each individual solicited local (any, grade 3) and general (any, grade 3, related, grade 3 related) AE during the solicited follow-up period was tabulated with exact 95% CI, in each age group.

The duration (in terms of number of days) of each solicited local and general AE during the 4-day solicited follow-up period was tabulated. The percentage of subjects reporting ongoing solicited (local and general) AEs at the end of the solicited follow-up period was also tabulated with exact 95%CI in each age group.

The percentage of subjects with at least one report of an unsolicited AE (any, grade 3, related, grade 3 related) classified by the Medical Dictionary for Regulatory Activities (MedDRA) during the follow-up period was tabulated with exact 95% CI, in each age group.

The percentage of subjects with at least one report of a SAE classified by MedDRA during the study period was tabulated with exact 95% CI.

Name of company: GlaxoSmithKline Biologicals, Rixensart, Belgium	TABULAR FORMA THE DOSSIER Volume:	T REFERRING TO PART OF	(for national authority only)
Name of finished product: Fluarix®/Influsplit SSW® 2012/2013	Page:		
Name of active substance: [antigen(s)] [A/Christchurch/16/2010 (H1N1), A/Victoria/361/2011 (H3N2), B/Hubei- Wujiagang/158/2009]			
Study population (Total vac	cinated cohort) -	1	
Number of su	bjects	Adults (18-60 years of age)	Elderly (>60 years of age)
Planned, N		60	60
Randomised, N (Total Vaccin	ated Cohort)	60	59
Completed, n (%)		60 (100%)	59 (100%)
Demographics		Adults (18-60 years of age)	Elderly (>60 years of age)
N (Total Vaccinated Cohort)		60	59
Females: Males		30:30	34:25
Mean Age, years (SD)		35.7 (11.98)	70.3 (5.87)
White - Caucasian / Europear	n heritage, n (%)	60 (100%)	59 (100%)
Summary: Immunogenicity:			

Immunogenicity analysis was performed on the ATP cohort for immunogenicity (primary analysis).

In this study, in both the Adults (18-60 years of age) and Elderly (>60 years of age) age groups, the *Fluarix/Influsplit* SSW 2012/2013 vaccine met the immunogenicity acceptance criteria defined in the European Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use (CHMP) guidelines for annual influenza vaccine licensure since at least one of the three criteria (SPR > 70%, SCR > 40%, and MGI > 2.5 for adults 18-60 years and SPR > 60%, SCR > 30%, and MGI > 2.0 for elderly > 60 years) for each of the antigenic strains contained in the vaccine was met.

 Except for the SCR criteria for the A/Victoria/361/2011 (H3N2) vaccine strain in the Elderly group, all other CHMP criteria in the Elderly and the Adult groups were met.

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Name of product: SSW® 20	finished Fluarix®/I 12/2013	Influsplit	Page	9:									
Name of substance [antigen( [A/Christo (H1N1), A/Victoria (H3N2), E Wujiagan	active s)] church/16 l/361/201 3/Hubei- g/158/200	/2010 1 09]											
Synopsis	s Table 1	- Sumr	nary of	Immuno	genicity	Results	s (ATP c	ohort fo	or analys	sis of im	munoge	nicity)	
~	<b>-</b>			≥1	1:10			GMT		SPR			
Group	Iiming	N	n	%	95%		Value	95%		n	%	95%	
				^	LL /Christe	UL hurch/1	6/2010 /I	LL 11N1)	UL			LL	UL
	PRE	50	30	66.1	52.6	77 0	20 57	13.08	30.27	20	33.0	22.1	171
ADOLIO	PI(D21)	59	59	100	93.9	100	366.04	264 22	507.09	55	93.2	83.5	98.1
FI DERI Y	PRE	58	48	82.8	70.6	91.4	19.02	14.35	25.22	14	24.1	13.9	37.2
	PI(D21)	58	58	100	93.8	100	110.44	79.50	153.43	47	81.0	68.6	90.1
				1	A/Victo	ria/361/2	2011 (H3	N2)					
ADULTS	PRE	59	41	69.5	56.1	80.8	16.17	12.07	21.65	15	25.4	15.0	38.4
	PI(D21)	59	59	100	93.9	100	93.19	73.75	117.76	51	86.4	75.0	94.0
ELDERLY	PRE	58	44	75.9	62.8	86.1	23.90	17.07	33.45	23	39.7	27.0	53.4
	PI(D21)	58	56	96.6	88.1	99.6	65.63	48.37	89.05	41	70.7	57.3	81.9
					B/Hubei-	Wujiaga	ang/158/	2009					
ADULTS	PRE	59	56	94.9	85.9	98.9	68.60	50.26	93.63	42	71.2	57.9	82.2
	PI(D21)	59	59	100	93.9	100	431.85	332.61	560.70	59	100	93.9	100
ELDERLY	PRE	58	58	100	93.8	100	70.19	58.98	83.53	51	87.9	76.7	95.0
	PI(D21)	58	58	100	93.8	100	223.56	183.62	272.19	58	100	93.8	100

Name of GlaxoSm Biologica Belgium Name of product: SSW® 20 Name of substanc [antigen( [A/Christo (H1N1), A/Victoria (H3N2), E Wujiagan	company nithKline als, Rixer finished Fluarix®// 12/2013 active ce: (s)] church/16 a/361/201 B/Hubei- g/158/200	Iniparity:       TABOLAR FORMAT REFERENCE TO PART OF         hKline       THE DOSSIER         s, Rixensart,       Volume:         nished       Page:         luarix®/Influsplit       Page:         2/2013       Page:         ished       Page:         iuarix®/Influsplit       Page:         iuarix®/Influsplit       Page:         iuarix®/Influsplit       Page:         iuarix       Page:         <			DF	(for nati	onal aut	hority o	nly)				
		-		S	CR			MGI		SPP		Р	
Group	Timing	Ν	n	%	95%	6 CI	Value	95%	6 CI	n	%	95%	
				70	LL	UL	Value	LL	UL		70	LL	UL
				A	/Christc	hurch/1	6/2010 (I	11N1)					
ADULTS	PI(D21)	59	45	76.3	63.4	86.4	17.8	11.5	27.6	35	89.7	75.8	97.1
ELDERLY	PI(D21)	58	34	58.6	44.9	71.4	5.8	4.2	8.0	33	75.0	59.7	86.8
					A/Victo	ria/361/2	2011 (H3	N2)	1		•		-
ADULTS	PI(D21)	59	34	57.6	44.1	70.4	5.8	4.2	7.8	36	81.8	67.3	91.8
ELDERLY	PI(D21)	58	14	24.1	13.9	37.2	2.7	2.2	3.4	18	51.4	34.0	68.6
					B/Hubei-	Wujiaga	ang/158/	2009	1		•		-
ADULTS	PI(D21)	59	38	64.4	50.9	76.4	6.3	4.6	8.7	17	100	80.5	100
ELDERLY	PI(D21)	58	24	41.4	28.6	55.1	3.2	2.6	3.9	7	100	59.0	100
ADULTS = 18-60 years; ELDERLY = >60 years GMT = geometric mean antibody titre calculated on all subjects N = number of subjects with available results (for $\ge 1:10$ , GMT and SPR) N= Number of subjects with pre- and post-vaccination results available (for SCR and MGI), n/% = number/percentage of subjects with titre within the specified range 95% CI = 95% confidence interval; LL = Lower Limit, UL = Upper Limit PRE = pre-vaccination; PI(D21) = 21 days post vaccine SPR n/% = Number/percentage of seroprotected subjects (HI titre $\ge 1:40$ ) SCR defined as: For initially seronegative subjects, antibody titre after vaccination For initially seronegative subjects, antibody titre after vaccination For initially seronegative subjects, antibody titre after vaccination $\ge 4$ fold the pre-vaccination antibody titre n/% = Number/percentage of seroprotected subjects													

SPP = percentage of vaccinees that have a pre-vaccination titre < 1:40 and a post-vaccination titre  $\ge$  1:40.

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Name of active substance: [antigen(s)] [A/Christchurch/16/2010 (H1N1), A/Victoria/361/2011 (H3N2), B/Hubei- Wujiagang/158/2009]		

Safety /reactogenicity:

The safety analysis was performed on the Total vaccinated cohort (primary analysis).

- Any Symptom: During the 4-day post-vaccination follow-up period at least one symptom (solicited or unsolicited, local or general) was reported by 66.7% of subjects in the Adults group and by 57.6% of subjects in the Elderly group, at least one local symptom (solicited or unsolicited) was reported by 58.3% of subjects in the Adults group and by 44.1% of subjects in the Elderly group, and at least one general symptom (solicited or unsolicited) was reported by 41.7% of subjects in the Adults group and by 35.6% of subjects in the Elderly group.
- Solicited local symptoms: During the 4-day follow-up period, injection site pain was the most frequently reported local AE across both age strata (reported by 55.0% of subjects in the Adults group and by 39.0% of subjects in the Elderly group). One subject (1.7%) in the Adults group reported Grade 3 injection site pain. No other Grade 3 solicited local AEs were reported.
- The median duration of the solicited local AEs was 2 to 2.5 days. All solicited local symptoms resolved during the 4 days post-vaccination period, except eight symptoms (3 in the Adult group and 5 in the Elderly group) that were ongoing beyond the 4 days post-vaccination period.
- Solicited general symptoms: During the 4-day follow-up period, headache (25.0%), fatigue (18.3%) and myalgia (18.3%) were the most frequently reported general AEs in the Adults group. Fatigue was the most frequently reported solicited general AEs (23.7%), in the Elderly group, followed by sweating (15.3%) and headache/myalgia (each 11.9%). Grade 3 fatigue was reported by 1 subject in the Adult group and grade 3 headache was reported by 1 subject in the Adult group and by 1 subject in the Elderly group. Grade 3 fatigue and headache, both related to the vaccination were reported by 1 subject in the Adult group.

The median duration of the solicited general AEs was 1 to 4 days. Eight symptoms (1 in the Adult group and 7 in the Elderly group were ongoing beyond the 4 days post-vaccination period.

Unsolicited symptoms: Overall, 8 (13.3%) subjects from the Adults group and 11 (18.6%) subjects from the Elderly group experienced at least one unsolicited AE within the 21-day post vaccination period. Grade 3 unsolicited AE were reported by 1 (1.7%) subject from the Elderly group. No Grade 3 unsolicited AEs were reported in the Adults group. The most frequently reported unsolicited AE classified by MedDRA Primary System Organ Class and preferred term was 'Injection site pruritus' in both age strata (reported by 5.0% of subjects in the Adults group and by 3.4% of subjects in the Elderly group). In addition to the cases of 'injection site pruritus', that were assessed as causally related to the vaccination, one subject (1.7%) in the Adults group and one subject (1.7%) in the Elderly group reported an unsolicited AE (lymphadenopathy and musculoskeletal stiffness, respectively) with causal relationship to vaccination assessed by the investigator. There were no grade 3 unsolicited AEs that were causally related to the vaccination.

Serious adverse events: None of the subjects reported SAEs during study period. Pregnancies: There were no cases of pregnancy reported during the entire study period (Day 0-20). Other safety parameters: There were no other significant AEs reported during the entire study period (Day 0-20). Conclusion:

• In this study, in both the Adults (18-60 years of age) and Elderly (>60 years of age) age groups, the

GlaxoSmithKline Biologicals, Rixensart, Belgium	THE DOSSIER Volume:					
Name of finished product: Fluarix®/Influsplit SSW® 2012/2013	Page:					
Name of active substance: [antigen(s)] [A/Christchurch/16/2010 (H1N1), A/Victoria/361/2011 (H3N2), B/Hubei- Wujiagang/158/2009]						
<ul> <li>Fluarix/Influsplit SSW 2012/2013 vaccine met the immunogenicity acceptance criteria defined in the European CHMP guidelines for annual influenza vaccine licensure since at least one of the three criteria (SPR &gt; 70%, SCR &gt; 40%, and MGI &gt; 2.5 for adults 18-60 years and SPR &gt; 60%, SCR &gt; 30%, and MGI &gt; 2.0 for elderly &gt; 60 years) for each of the antigenic strains contained in the vaccine was met.</li> <li>Except for the SCR criteria for the A/Victoria/361/2011 (H3N2) vaccine strain in the Elderly group, all other CHMP criteria in the Elderly and the Adult groups were met.</li> <li>In this study, the study vaccine was generally well tolerated.</li> </ul>						

# Appendix 1 to Synopsis for study Fluarix-071 (116663)

## **Overview of Protocol Amendments**

No protocol amendments were submitted for this study.

# Appendix 2 to Synopsis for study Fluarix-071 (116663)

List of study sites

## Worldwide study centres Fluarix-071 (116663)

	Principal Investigator		Clinical Site	Clinical Site	Clinical
Country	Full Name	Clinical Site Institution Name	Street	ZIP Code	Site City
Germany	Andre Markendorf	Praxis Dr. med. Andre Markendorf	Bautzner Str. 125	01099	Dresden
Germany	Beatrice Gerlach	Praxis Dr. med. Beatrice Gerlach	Hauptstr. 36	01097	Dresden
Germany	Abdo Taraben	Praxis Dr. med. Abdo Taraben	Industriestr. 52	01129	Dresden
Germany	Ascan Schindler	Praxis Dr. med. Ascan Schindler	Commeniusstr. 66	01309	Dresden